

## Features

- 650 Volt Schottky Rectifier
- Zero Reverse Recovery Current
- Zero Forward Recovery Voltage
- High-Frequency Operation
- Temperature-Independent Switching Behavior
- Extremely Fast Switching
- Positive Temperature Coefficient on  $V_F$

## Benefits

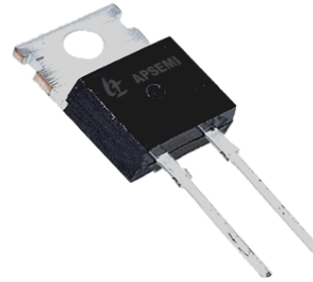
- Replace Bipolar with Unipolar Rectifiers
- Essentially No Switching Losses
- Higher Efficiency
- Reduction of Heat Sink Requirements
- Parallel Devices Without Thermal Runaway

## Applications

- Switch Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Boost diodes in PFC or DC/DC stages
- Free Wheeling Diodes in Inverter stages
- AC/DC converters



| Parameter                     | Rating     | Units |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------|
| $V_{RRM}$                     | <b>650</b> | V     |
| $I_F (T_C=135^\circ\text{C})$ | <b>26</b>  | A**   |
| $Q_C$                         | <b>48</b>  | nC**  |



TO-220-2  
**Package**



## Maximum Ratings ( $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol         | Parameter                                      | Value          | Unit             | Test Conditions                                                                                                         | Note   |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| $V_{RRM}$      | Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage                | 650            | V                |                                                                                                                         |        |
| $V_{RSM}$      | Surge Peak Reverse Voltage                     | 650            | V                |                                                                                                                         |        |
| $V_{DC}$       | DC Blocking Voltage                            | 650            | V                |                                                                                                                         |        |
| $I_F$          | Continuous Forward Current<br>(Per Leg/Device) | 55<br>26<br>20 | A                | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_C=135^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_C=149^\circ\text{C}$                                            | Fig. 3 |
| $I_{FRM}$      | Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current          | 46*<br>31*     | A                | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ ms, Half Sine Wave<br>$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ ms, Half Sine Wave       |        |
| $I_{FSM}$      | Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current      | 90*<br>71*     | A                | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ ms, Half Sine Wave<br>$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ ms, Half Sine Wave       | Fig. 8 |
| $I_{FSM}$      | Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current      | 860*<br>680*   | A                | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ $\mu\text{s}$ , Pulse<br>$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 10$ $\mu\text{s}$ , Pulse | Fig. 8 |
| $P_{tot}$      | Power Dissipation (Per Leg/Device)             | 249<br>108     | W                | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}$                                                                       | Fig. 4 |
| dV/dt          | Diode dV/dt ruggedness                         | 200            | V/ns             | $V_R=0-650\text{V}$                                                                                                     |        |
| $T_J, T_{stg}$ | Operating Junction and Storage Temperature     | -55 to<br>+175 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |                                                                                                                         |        |
|                | TO-247 Mounting Torque                         | 1<br>8.8       | Nm<br>lbf-in     | M3 Screw<br>6-32 Screw                                                                                                  |        |

## Electrical Characteristics (Per Leg)

| Symbol | Parameter                 | Typ.              | Max.       | Unit          | Test Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Note   |
|--------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| $V_F$  | Forward Voltage           | 1.5<br>2.0        | 1.8<br>2.4 | V             | $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$I_F = 10\text{ A}$ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                      | Fig. 1 |
| $I_R$  | Reverse Current           | 12<br>24          | 60<br>220  | $\mu\text{A}$ | $V_R = 650\text{ V}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_R = 650\text{ V}$ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                    | Fig. 2 |
| $Q_C$  | Total Capacitive Charge   | 24                |            | nC            | $V_R = 400\text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10\text{ A}$<br>$di/dt = 500\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$<br>$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                       | Fig. 5 |
| C      | Total Capacitance         | 460.5<br>44<br>40 |            | pF            | $V_R = 0\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$<br>$V_R = 200\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$<br>$V_R = 400\text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | Fig. 6 |
| $E_C$  | Capacitance Stored Energy | 3.6               |            | $\mu\text{J}$ | $V_R = 400\text{ V}$                                                                                                                                                                                               | Fig. 7 |

Note: This is a majority carrier diode, so there is no reverse recovery charge.

## Thermal Characteristics

| Symbol          | Parameter                                | Typ.           | Unit                      | Note   |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|--------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case | 1.3**<br>0.65* | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | Fig. 9 |

\*\* Per Leg, \* Both Legs

## Typical Performance (Per Leg)

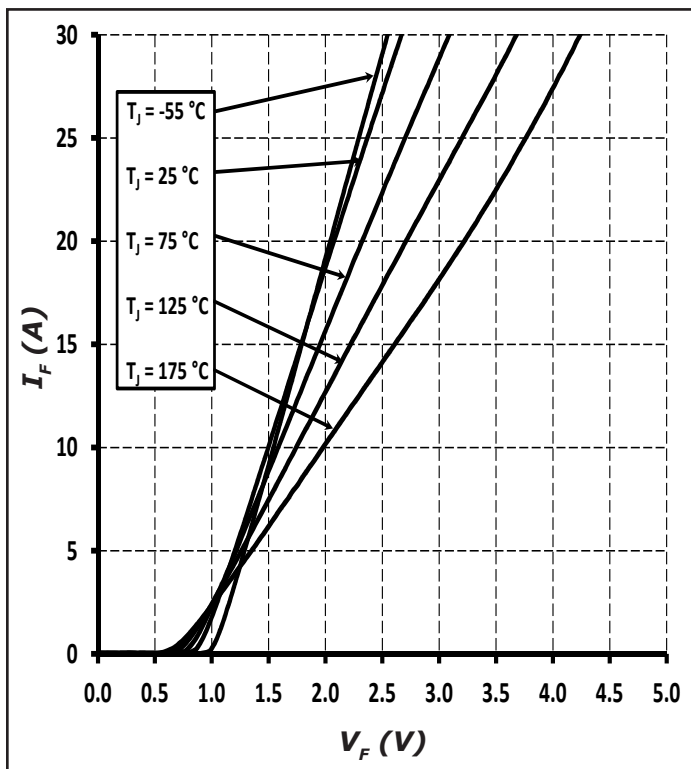


Figure 1. Forward Characteristics

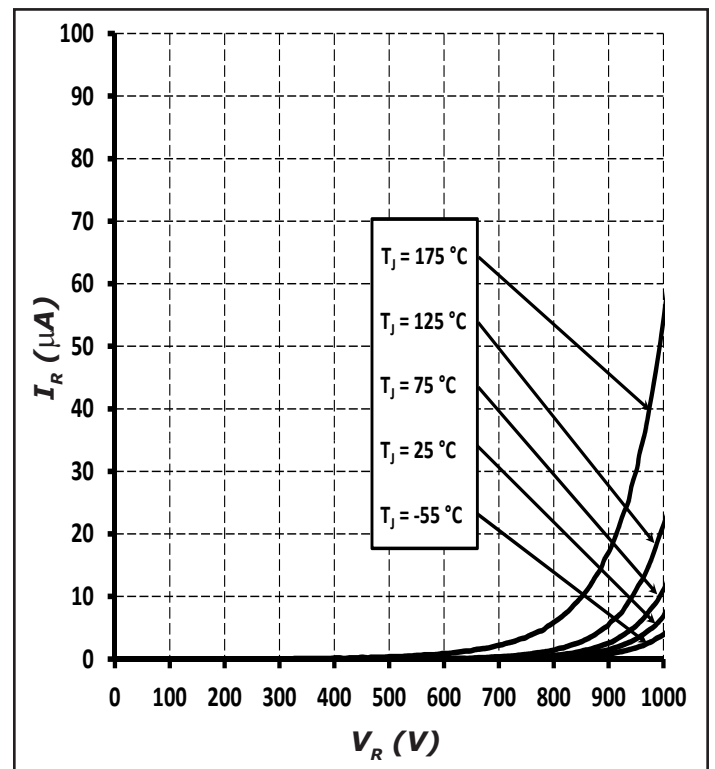


Figure 2. Reverse Characteristics



### Typical Performance (Per Leg)

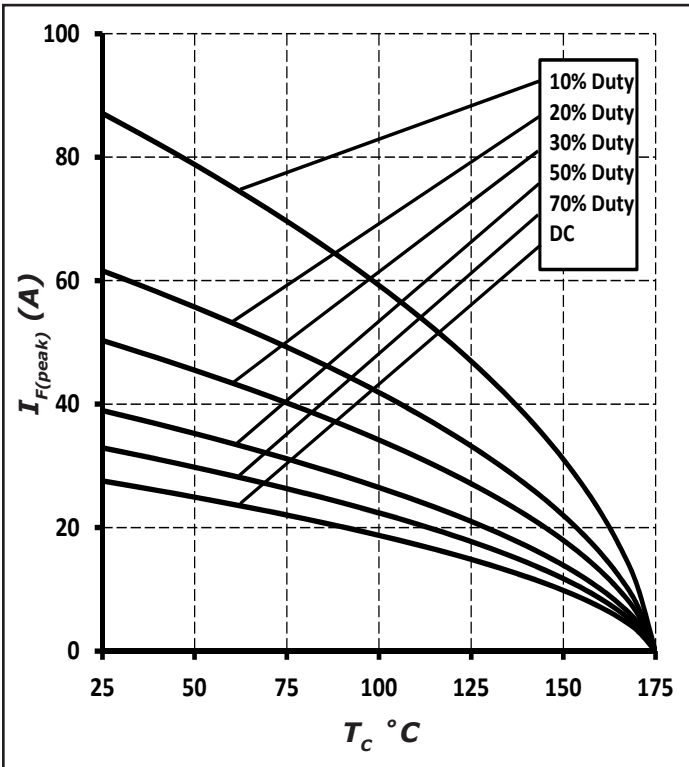


Figure 3. Current Derating

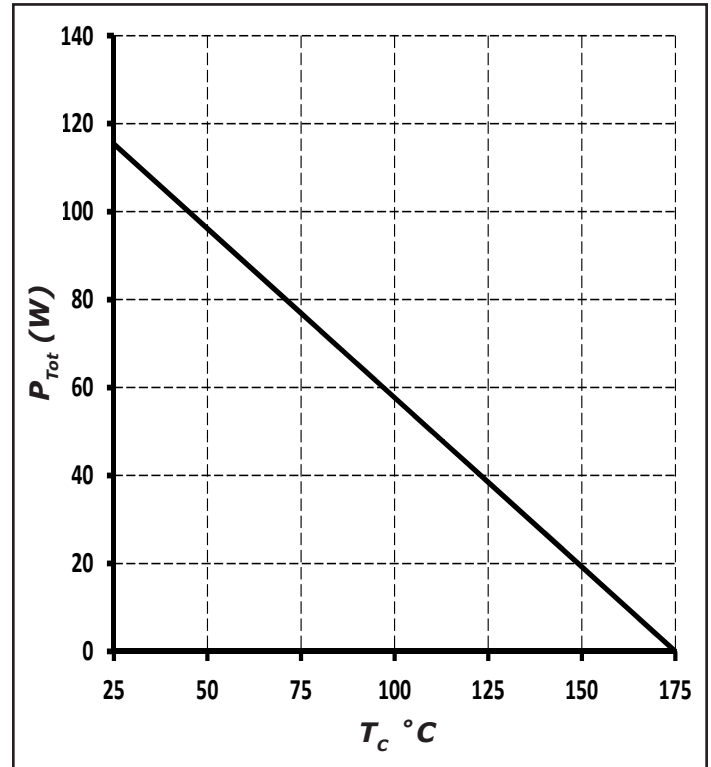


Figure 4. Power Derating

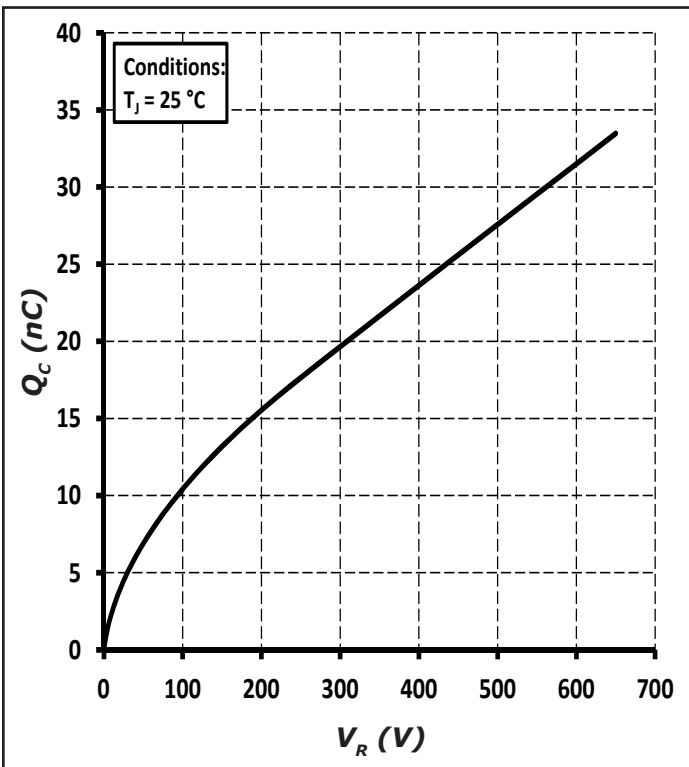


Figure 5. Total Capacitance Charge vs. Reverse Voltage

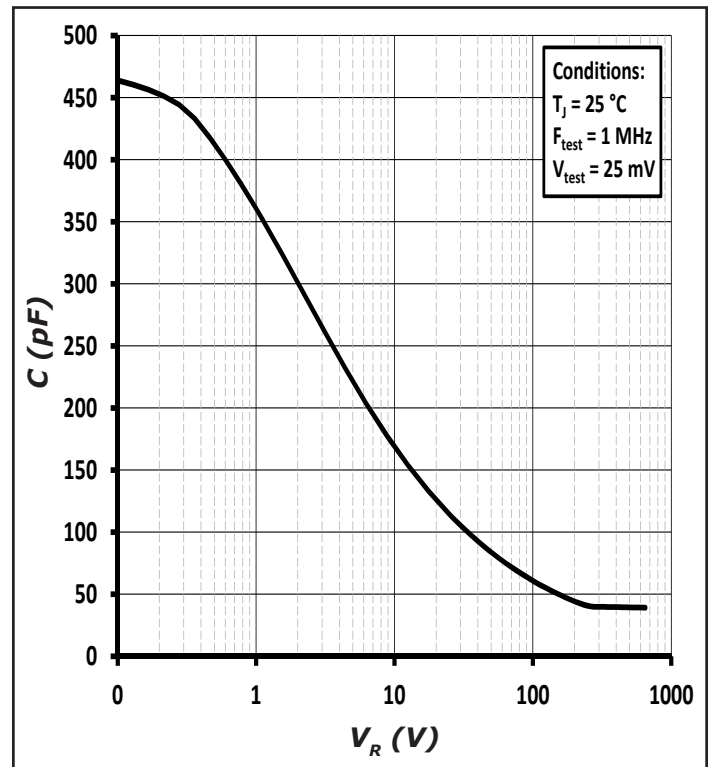


Figure 6. Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

### Typical Performance

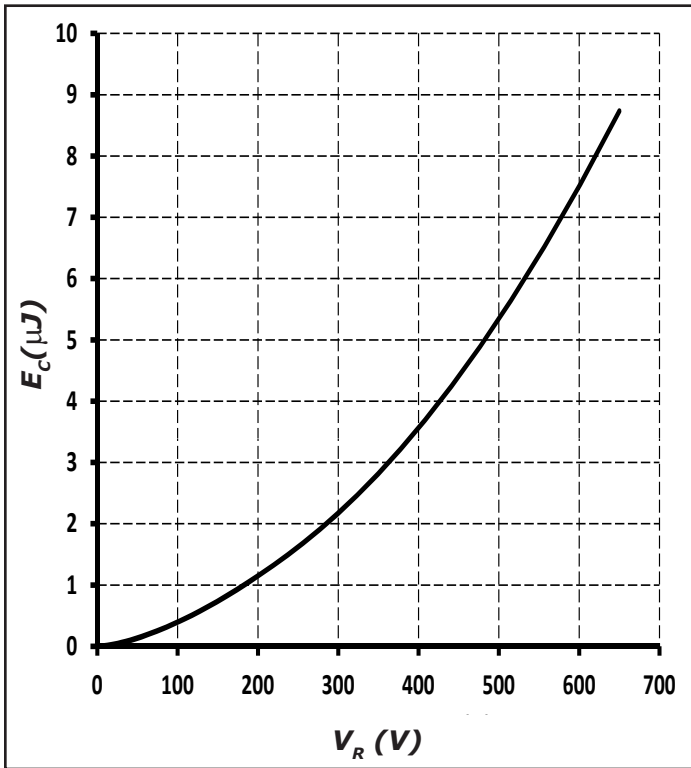


Figure 7. Capacitance Stored Energy

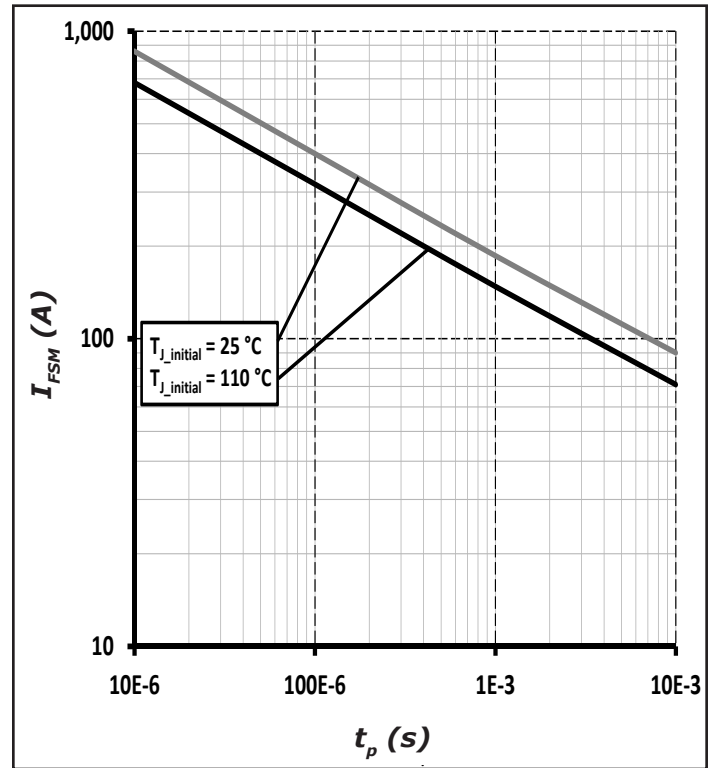


Figure 8. Non-repetitive peak forward surge current versus pulse duration (sinusoidal waveform)

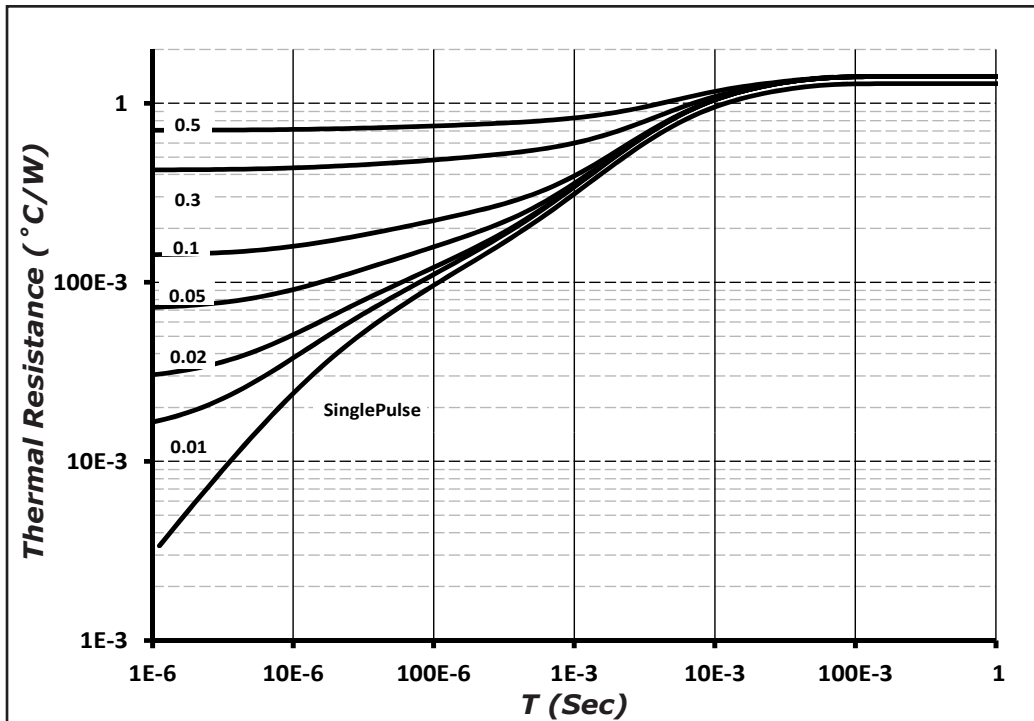
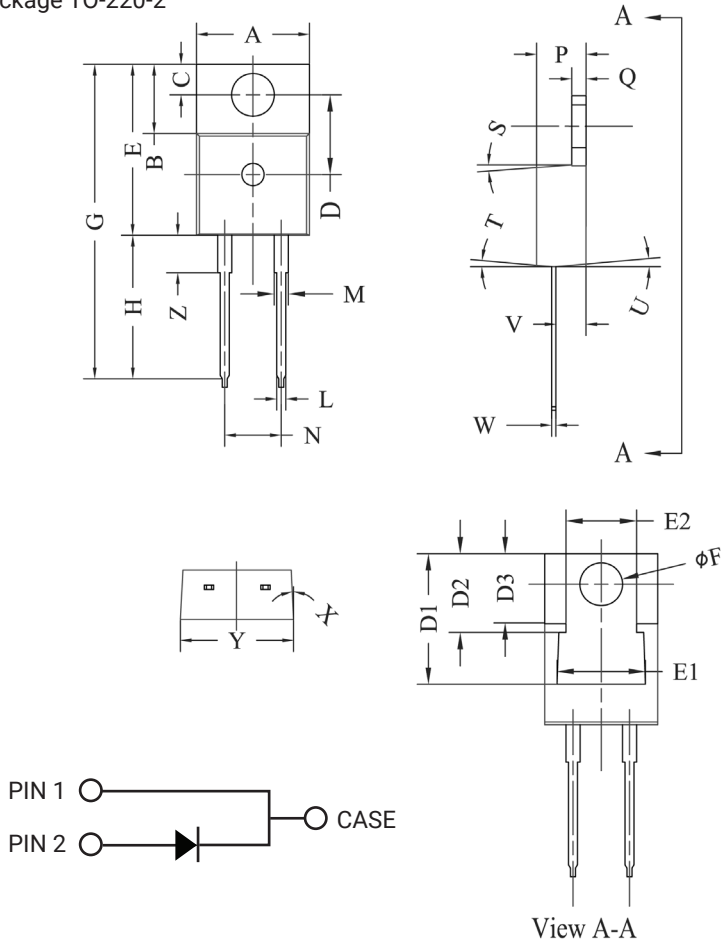


Figure 9. Transient Thermal Impedance



### Package Dimensions

Package TO-220-2

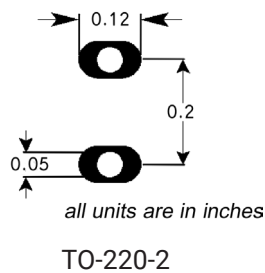


| POS | Inches        |       | Millimeters     |        |
|-----|---------------|-------|-----------------|--------|
|     | Min           | Max   | Min             | Max    |
| A   | .381          | .410  | 9.677           | 10.414 |
| B   | .235          | .255  | 5.969           | 6.477  |
| C   | .100          | .120  | 2.540           | 3.048  |
| D   | .223          | .337  | 5.664           | 8.560  |
| D1  | .457-.490     |       | 11.60-12.45 typ |        |
| D2  | .277-.303 typ |       | 7.04-7.70 typ   |        |
| D3  | .244-.252 typ |       | 6.22-6.4 typ    |        |
| E   | .590          | .615  | 14.986          | 15.621 |
| E1  | .302          | .326  | 7.68            | 8.28   |
| E2  | .227          | .251  | 5.77            | 6.37   |
| F   | .143          | .153  | 3.632           | 3.886  |
| G   | 1.105         | 1.147 | 28.067          | 29.134 |
| H   | .500          | .550  | 12.700          | 13.970 |
| L   | .025          | .036  | .635            | .914   |
| M   | .045          | .055  | 1.143           | 1.550  |
| N   | .195          | .205  | 4.953           | 5.207  |
| P   | .165          | .185  | 4.191           | 4.699  |
| Q   | .048          | .054  | 1.219           | 1.372  |
| S   | 3°            | 6°    | 3°              | 6°     |
| T   | 3°            | 6°    | 3°              | 6°     |
| U   | 3°            | 6°    | 3°              | 6°     |
| V   | .094          | .110  | 2.388           | 2.794  |
| W   | .014          | .025  | .356            | .635   |
| X   | 3°            | 5.5°  | 3°              | 5.5°   |
| Y   | .385          | .410  | 9.779           | 10.414 |
| Z   | .130          | .150  | 3.302           | 3.810  |

NOTE:

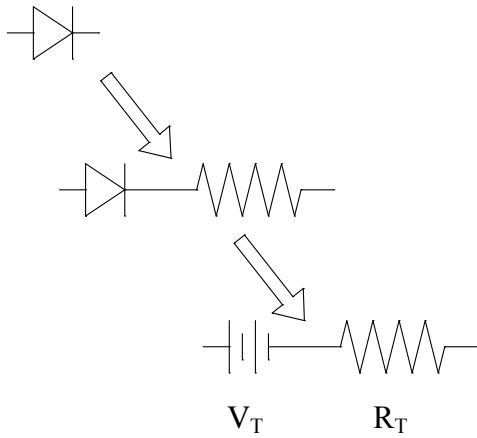
1. Dimension L, M, W apply for Solder Dip Finish

### Recommended Solder Pad Layout



### Diode Model (Per Leg)

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$$V_{f_T} = V_T + I_f * R_T$$

$$V_T = 0.94 + (T_J * -1.0 * 10^{-3})$$

$$R_T = 0.027 + (T_J * 2.8 * 10^{-4})$$

Note:  $T_J$  = Diode Junction Temperature In Degrees Celsius,  
valid from 25°C to 175°C